SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT Denver, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Scientific and Cultural Facilities District Denver. Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Scientific and Cultural Facilities District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Scientific and Cultural Facilities District as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Special Revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 10, to the financial statements, the District implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement 68, for the year ended December 31, 2015. As a result of the implementation of these standards, the District reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle. Our opinions were not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages III through VII and the pension schedules on pages 23 through 25, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado June 23, 2016

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Scientific and Cultural Facilities District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This report should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

In comparison to the 2014 financial statements:

- Sales and use tax revenues for 2015 increased by \$ 2,699,621, or 5.19%.
- Interest earnings and the related transfer from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund for 2015 increased by \$6,461, due to a small increase in Colotrust interest rates and the additional 10 basis points paid by Colorado Business Bank over that rate.
- Administrative expenses for 2015 were \$563,673, which is a \$25,385, 4.7% increase over 2014; the increase was due to the addition of a half-time staff person in the fourth quarter, increased health insurance costs, TABOR litigation expenses and consulting expenses related to the reauthorization input process.
- Total fund distributions for 2015 were \$54,348,175, up by \$2,907,363.
- Change in net position of governmental activities was \$(113,541) in 2015 and \$103,223 in 2014, a change of \$(216,764).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's financial statements report on government-wide activities which break down to 1) government-wide financial statements on page 1 - 2; 2) fund financial statements on pages 3 - 7; and 3) notes to the financial statements, pages 8 - 18.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements present an overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*:

The *statement of net position* presents information on the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Net position equals the total assets plus deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Changes to net position over time may indicate improvements or deterioration in the District's financial position. The District uses the accrual basis of accounting to record all assets and liabilities.

The *statement of activities* describes how the District's net position changed. When revenue and expense activities occur, a change is recorded to net position. Changes to cash flow do not necessarily occur at the same time as the change to net position. Some items affecting reported revenue and expenses may impact cash flows in future periods.

The District administers the distribution of a special sales and use tax to qualifying scientific and cultural entities.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is an account grouping to control, record and track resources for segregated, specific activities. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The District has two *Governmental* funds, the general fund and a special revenue fund.

Governmental Funds. These funds are used to account for the same functions reported in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on *spendable resource inflows and outflows* during the fiscal year as well as fiscal year end *balances for spendable resources*. Governmental fund financial statements focus on the current flow of available resources and on their end of the year balances. This information may be useful in evaluating the District's present and near-future financing requirements.

In comparing the activities in government-wide financial statements with the governmental funds, the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for governmental funds will show a reconciliation to the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities. The government-wide statement of net position reflects the results of financial decisions that affect assets and liabilities and their future impact on available resources.

As required by state law, the District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this law.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide essential, additional information to understand the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The District's net position decreased by \$489,186 from 2014 to 2015. This was a result of the change in net position for 2015 of \$(113,541) and the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, which required the District to record its pension plan net liability and related deferred outflows as of December 31, 2014 in the net amount of \$(375,645). At December 31, 2015, assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$42,572. Cash and investments decreased by \$485,412 and the net decrease in due to qualifying entities was \$96,632. These changes were due to the lack of additional recoverable 2004 election costs in 2015. The largest proportion of the District's net position is in cash and investments, which are used to meet spending needs in the first quarter of the next year. Current liabilities consist primarily of amounts due to qualifying entities.

District Net Position

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2015			2014		
Current assets	\$	13,660,826	\$	13,858,024		
Total assets		13,660,826		13,858,024		
Deferred outflows of resources		62,662		-		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities		13,314,149		13,411,410		
Noncurrent liabilities		451,820		-		
Total liabilities		13,765,969		13,411,410		
Deferred inflows of resources		91		-		
Net position						
Restricted for:						
Emergency reserves		13,504		19,245		
Unrestricted		(56,076)		427,369		
Total net position	\$	(42,572)	\$	446,614		

Note: 2014 ending net position was restated as described in note 10. For management's discussion and analysis amounts from 2014 are shown as presented prior to the restatement.

The restricted assets for emergency reserves are based on TABOR requirements (see Note 9 to the financial statements). The unrestricted net position is generally used to meet the operating expenditures of the subsequent years.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the District's net position by \$489,186. The key elements of this decrease were as follows: the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, investment earnings remained low, no further 2004 election costs were recoverable, litigation and consulting expenses, and a fourth quarter staff addition. Distributions through tier allocations are made based on actual funds collected, and these increased by \$2,907,363.

District Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2015		2014			
Revenue							
General revenue							
Sales tax	\$	50,119,645	\$	47,341,715			
Use tax		4,639,221		4,717,530			
Net investment earnings		28,865		22,404			
Other income		10,576		674			
Total revenues		54,798,307		52,082,323			
Expenses		_					
Administrative		563,673		538,288			
Special Revenue Fund distributions		54,348,175		51,440,812			
Total expenses		54,911,848		51,979,100			
Change in Net Position		(113,541)		103,223			
Net Position - Beginning		70,969		343,391			
Net Position - Ending	\$	(42,572)	\$	446,614			

Note: 2014 ending net position was restated as described in note 10. For management's discussion and analysis amounts from 2014 are shown as presented prior to the restatement.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As of December 31, 2015, the District's general fund reported a fund balance of \$350,801, which is a decrease of \$99,659 in comparison to the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the lack of any additional 2004 election costs that could be recovered in 2015, sales and use tax collections that increased by only 5.19% over 2014, continued low interest rates and costs related to the TABOR litigation. The need to draw on the fund balance to cover operational expenditures continued through 2015. The District's special revenue fund distributes all revenue received and has no fund balance at year-end.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general or administrative portion of tax revenue is .75% by statute, or \$410,691 of \$54,758,866. The District amended the projected appropriations after year-end in order to match actual taxes received for 2015 with required disbursements to each of the Tiers. The final variance for general expenditures was \$69,166.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

During 2015, sales and use tax receipts increased by 5.19% as compared to 9.92% in 2014. Economic forecasts and reports indicate continuing low Federal Reserve Bank interest rates, possibly well into 2016 and beyond. All recoverable 2004 election costs have been recouped. Going forward, the entity can rely only on interest income to supplement revenue. All of these factors were considered in preparing, adopting, and amending the District's budget for 2016. The District sought and received legislative approval of an increase in the administrative percentage as part of the 2016 District renewal legislative process.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Peg Long, Executive Director, 899 Logan Street #500, Denver, CO 80203; 303-860-0588.



SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 3,900,439
Receivables:	
Taxes	9,748,582
Other	572
Deposits	2,825
Prepaid expenses	8,408
Total assets	13,660,826
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	35,834
Pension related deferrals	26,828
Total deferred outflows of resources	62,662
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	13,256
Due to Tier I entities	9,004,960
Due to Tier II entities	3,095,455
Due to Tier III entities	1,196,354
Compensated absences	 4,124
Total current liabilities	 13,314,149
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Net pension liability	451,820
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 13,765,969
	 ,,.
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferrals	 91
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency reserves	13,504
Unrestricted	(56,076)
Total net position	\$ (42,572)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015

EXPENSES	
Administrative	\$ 563,673
Tier allocations	
Tier I allocation	35,348,557
Tier II allocation	11,579,449
Tier III allocation	 7,420,169
Total program expenses	 54,911,848
	 _
GENERAL REVENUES	
Sales tax	50,119,645
Use tax	4,639,221
Net investment earnings	28,865
Other	10,576
Total general revenues	54,798,307
CHANGE IN NET POSITION NET POSITION - BEGINNING	(113,541)
AS RESTATED (SEE NOTE 10)	70,969
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ (42,572)
	 , , ,

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2015

	Special General Revenue			Total Governmenta Funds			
	General			ixevenue		i ulius	
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	33,790	\$	3,866,649	\$	3,900,439	
Taxes receivable		73,114		9,675,468		9,748,582	
Other receivables		-		572		572	
Due from other fund		245,920		-		245,920	
Deposits		2,825		-		2,825	
Prepaid items		8,408				8,408	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	364,057	\$	13,542,689	\$	13,906,746	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	13,256	\$	-	\$	13,256	
Due to other fund		-		245,920		245,920	
Due to Tier I entities		-		9,004,960		9,004,960	
Due to Tier II entities		-		3,095,455		3,095,455	
Due to Tier III entities				1,196,354		1,196,354	
Total liabilities		13,256		13,542,689		13,555,945	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		11,233		_		11,233	
Restricted for:		,				,	
Emergency reserves		13,504		-		13,504	
Committed		269,494		-		269,494	
Unassigned		56,570				56,570	
Total fund balances		350,801		-		350,801	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	364,057	\$	13,542,689			
				1:00			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta					t bec	ause:	
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absence							
pension liability, are not due and payable in the cur	rent p	eriod and, t	nere	nore, are not			
reported in the fund balance sheet:						(4 124)	
Compensated absences Net pension liability						(4,124) (451,820)	
Deferred outflows of resources						(451,620) 62,662	
Deferred inflows of resources						(91)	
Edicited limews of resources						(91)	
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(42,572)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2015

			_	Total	
	(General	Special Revenue	Go	vernmental Funds
	<u> </u>	Jeneral	Revenue		i uiius
REVENUES					
Sales tax	\$	375,897	\$ 49,743,748	\$	50,119,645
Use tax	·	34,794	4,604,427	·	4,639,221
Restricted grants		-	-		-
Net investment earnings		_	28,865		28,865
Other		10,576	-		10,576
Total revenues		421,267	54,377,040		54,798,307
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries and related costs		349,929	_		349,929
Accounting		32,963	_		32,963
Travel and mileage		2,092	-		2,092
Consulting		54,908	-		54,908
Insurance		3,528	-		3,528
Legal		39,262	-		39,262
Office supplies		1,780	-		1,780
Meeting expense		4,128	-		4,128
Other		4,591	-		4,591
Postage		947	-		947
Printing		2,319	-		2,319
Rent		46,183	-		46,183
Memberships/subscriptions		2,787	-		2,787
Telephone		3,305	-		3,305
Office equipment and furniture		1,069	-		1,069
Tier I allocation		-	35,348,557		35,348,557
Tier II allocation		-	11,579,449		11,579,449
Tier III allocation		_	7,420,169		7,420,169
Total expenditures		549,791	54,348,175		54,897,966
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES		(128,524)	28,865		(99,659)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer in		28,865	-		28,865
Transfer (out)		-	(28,865)		(28,865)
Total other financing sources (uses)		28,865	(28,865)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(99,659)	-		(99,659)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		450,460			450,460
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	350,801	\$ -	\$	350,801

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds (page 4)	\$ (99,659)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 2) are different because:	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences	(278)
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	35,834
Net pension expense	(49,438)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 2)	\$ (113,541)

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	(Budgeted Driginal	An	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	W E F	ariance ith Final Budget- Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Sales tax	\$	351,000	\$	375,897	\$	375,897	\$	-
Use tax		39,000		34,794		34,794		-
Other income		80		80		10,576		10,496
Total revenues		390,080		410,771		421,267		10,496
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries and related costs		381,495		381,495		349,929		31,566
Accounting		36,800		36,800		32,963		3,837
Travel and mileage		3,000		3,000		2,092		908
Consulting		48,500		48,500		54,908		(6,408)
Insurance		4,700		4,700		3,528		1,172
Legal		45,000		45,000		39,262		5,738
Office supplies		3,000		3,000		1,780		1,220
Meeting expense		6,500		6,500		4,128		2,372
Other		4,750		25,441		4,591		20,850
Postage		1,200		1,200		947		253
Printing		1,200		1,200		2,319		(1,119)
Rent		44,321		44,321		46,183		(1,862)
Repairs and maintenance		500		500		-		500
Memberships/subscriptions		3,200		3,200		2,787		413
Rex Morgan Event		9,000		9,000		-		9,000
Telephone		4,100		4,100		3,305		795
Office equipment and furniture		1,000		1,000		1,069		(69)
Total expenditures		598,266		618,957		549,791		69,166
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(208,186)		(208,186)		(128,524)		79,662
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfer in		_		_		28,865		28,865
Total other financing sources		-		-		28,865		28,865
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(208,186)		(208,186)		(99,659)		108,527
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		450,460		450,460		,		100,321
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING FUND BALANCES - ENDING	Ф.		Ф		Ф.	450,460	Ф.	100 E27
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	242,274	\$	242,274	\$	350,801	\$	108,527

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	wit Bu Po	riance h Final udget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Sales tax	\$	46,449,000	\$	10 712 710	\$	10 712 719	\$	
Use tax	Ф	5,161,000	Ф	49,743,748 4,604,427	Ф	49,743,748 4,604,427	Ф	-
Net investment earnings								7 065
Total revenues		21,000 51,631,000		21,000 54,369,175		28,865 54,377,040		7,865 7,865
Total revenues		51,031,000		54,369,175		54,377,040		7,000
EXPENDITURES								
Tier I allocation		33,596,125		35,348,557		35,348,557		_
Tier II allocation		10,977,050		11,579,449		11,579,449		_
Tier III allocation		7,036,825		7,420,169		7,420,169		_
Total expenditures		51,610,000		54,348,175		54,348,175		
rotal oxpolitation of		01,010,000		01,010,170		01,010,110		
EXCESS REVENUES OVER		21,000		21,000		28,865		7,865
EXPENDITURES	-	21,000		21,000		20,000		7,000
EXI ENDITORES								
OTHER FINANCING (USES)								
Transfer (out)		(21,000)		(21,000)		(28,865)		(7,865)
Total other financing (uses)		(21,000)		(21,000)		(28,865)		(7,865)
rotal other illiancing (uses)		(21,000)		(21,000)		(20,000)		(7,003)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$	-

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Scientific and Cultural Facilities District (District) was established by a statute of the State of Colorado to assist in the preservation and development of scientific and cultural facilities. The area comprising the District consists of the City and County of Denver, the City and County of Broomfield, the counties of Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, and Jefferson, and portions of Douglas County. The District is governed by a board of eleven directors, seven members of which are appointed by the governing bodies of the seven counties in the District and four members of which are appointed by the Governor of the State of Colorado. Under the original statute, the District was authorized to exist through July 1, 1996. A question to extend the existence of the District to 2006 was approved by voters November 8, 1994 and a question to extend the existence to 2018 was approved November 2, 2004.

A uniform sales and use tax of one tenth of one percent is collected within the District area and distributed to qualifying scientific and cultural facilities which are classified into tiers. The statute provides formulas for distribution of the taxes within each tier and allows an amount not to exceed three fourths of one percent of the tax revenue collected to be used for administration costs of the District.

After the allocation of taxes for administrative costs, the taxes are distributed to facilities as follows:

Tier

I - Denver Museum of Nature and Science,	
Denver Zoological Gardens, Denver Art	
Museum, Denver Botanical Gardens, and	
Denver Center for the Performing Arts	65.5%
II - Scientific or cultural facilities in Colorado	
having annual operating income of more	
than \$1,250,000; as adjusted for inflation	21.0%
III - Eligible scientific or cultural facilities approved	
by county cultural councils	13.5%

If total annual revenues exceed \$38 million dollars, after the allocation of taxes for administrative costs, the excess taxes are distributed to facilities as follows:

Tier

I - Denver Museum of Nature and Science,	
Denver Zoological Gardens, Denver Art	
Museum, Denver Botanical Gardens, and	
Denver Center for the Performing Arts	64.0%
II - Scientific or cultural facilities in Colorado	
having annual operating income of more	
than \$1,250,000; as adjusted for inflation	22.0%
III - Eligible scientific or cultural facilities approved	
by county cultural councils	14.0%

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Any Tier II entity that applies to receive money on or after July 1, 2006 will need annual operating income of greater than \$1,250,000 for the previous year as adjusted for inflation. However, any Tier II entity that qualified to receive a distribution on or before June 30, 2006 was subject to the \$1,250,000 threshold as adjusted for inflation as of July 1, 2009.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, internally dedicated resources and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. The major sources of revenues susceptible to accrual are sales and use taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The special revenue fund is used to record the collection of sales and use taxes and the distribution thereof to eligible governmental entities and 501(c)(3) organizations, as required by the statute creating the District (see Note 1).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over a five-year life.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

The District has a policy that allows employees to accumulate unused vacation benefits up to certain maximum hours. All such benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Fund Equity

The District's fund balances in the governmental funds are reported in classifications based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of five categories: 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned and 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has reported the amount equal to the reported deposits and prepaid items in the amount of \$11,233 as nonspendable as they do not constitute spendable resources even though they are a component of net position.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances reflect amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Emergency reserves have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 9). A portion of the General Fund balance in the amount of \$13,504 has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

Committed

Committed fund balance is the amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specific use by taking formal Board action. The District has committed \$269,494 of the General Fund balance as an operating reserve, to be drawn upon during periods of economic fluctuation.

Assigned

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the Board of Director's intended use of these resources for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The District did not have any assigned resources as of December 31, 2015.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance represents the net resources in excess of the other spendable classifications.

The District's policy is to spend unassigned fund balance and then the funds committed for operating reserves. The District considers all unassigned fund balances to be "reserves" for future operations or capital replacement as defined within Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 9).

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Information

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Supplementary appropriations approved by the District for the year ended December 31, 2014 modified the appropriation from \$598,266 to \$618,957 in the General Fund and from \$51,610,000 to \$54,348,175 in the Special Revenue Fund.

Budgets for both funds of the District are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

Due to General Fund from: Special Revenue Fund

\$ 245.920

This balance resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments between funds are made.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

Transfer to General Fund from:

Special Revenue Fund

\$ 28,865

This transfer was used to move unrestricted interest revenues collected in the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2015 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions \$ 3,898,907
Investments \$ 1,532

Total cash and investments \$ 3,900,439

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2015, the District's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$3,898,907.

Investments

Credit Risk

The District has adopted a formal investment policy in which the primary investment objectives shall be safety, liquidity, and yield.

The District has defined investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which the District may invest, as follows:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks rated in the highest tier by a national rating agency
- Commercial paper rated in the highest tier by a national rating agency
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Local government investment pools

The local government investment pool is the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) and is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk

The District will minimize the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

To the extent possible, the District attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the District will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase.

As of December 31, 2015, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Fair Value		
Colorado Local Government Liquid				
Asset Trust (ColoTrust)	Less than one year	\$	1,532	

COLOTRUST

As of December 31, 2015, the District had invested \$1,532 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00.

NOTE 4 - EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	 ence at er 31, 2014	Add	litions	Retir	ements	 lance at ber 31, 2015
Capital assets						
Office furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation for	\$ 8,353	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,353
office furniture and equipment	8,353		-		-	8,353
Total capital assets, net	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Balance at December 31, 2014 Additions					eletions	 er 31, 2015	 urrent ortion
Compensated absences	\$	3,846	\$	22,401	\$	(22,123)	\$ 4,124	\$ 4,124

Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Rental Commitments

The District leases office space under an operating lease, which expires in December 2017. Payments consist of a base rent and an additional rent for the District's proportionate share of operating expenses. Parking spaces are also leased under a month to month lease. Total rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$46,183.

The minimum base rent for the office space is as follows:

Year ended December 31:

2016	\$ 41,886
2017	 42,468
	\$ 84,354

Litigation

The District is a defendant in a lawsuit, filed October 23, 2013, concerning the taxation of certain products effective January 1, 2014.

NOTE 7 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The District participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the LGDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

NOTE 7 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve for the LGDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

NOTE 7 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

Contributions. Eligible employees and the District are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	Rate
Employer Contribution Rate ¹	10.00%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as	
specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f) 1	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the LGDTF ¹	8.98%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	2.20%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S.	
§ 24-51-411 ¹	1.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the LGDTF ¹	12.68%

¹Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from the District were \$35,834 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$451,820 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013.

Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2014. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2014 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.05040890899 percent, which was increase of 0.0005050541 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2013.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$49,438. At December 31, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Outflows sources	Deferred of Reso	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	91
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	24,502		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
recognized and proportionate share of contributions	2,326		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	35,834		-
Total	\$ 62,662	\$	91

NOTE 7 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

\$35,834 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31, 2015	
December 31, 2016	\$ 7,885
December 31, 2017	6,601
December 31, 2018	6,126
December 31, 2019	6,125
Total	\$ 26, 737

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Price inflation	2.80 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.90 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.90 - 10.85 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50 percent
Future post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07;	
and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic)	2.00 percent
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06	•
(ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the
	Annual Increase Reserve

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with Males set back 1 year, and Females set back 2 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, adopted by PERA's Board on November 13, 2012, and an economic assumption study, adopted by PERA's Board on November 15, 2013 and January 17, 2014.

The LGDTF's long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

NOTE 7 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

As of the most recent analysis of the long-term expected rate of return, presented to the PERA Board on November 15, 2013, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	26.76%	5.00%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	4.40%	5.19%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	22.06%	5.29%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	6.24%	6.76%
Core Fixed Income	24.05%	0.98%
High Yield	1.53%	2.64%
Long Duration Gov't/Credit	0.53%	1.57%
Emerging Market Bonds	0.43%	3.04%
Real Estate	7.00%	5.09%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.15%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law, including current and future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Based on those assumptions, the LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)	(8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	737,872	451,820	213,337

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 7 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. In addition, the District has agreed to match employee contributions up to 1.2% of covered salary as determined by the Internal Revenue Service. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended December 31, 2015, program members contributed \$32,599 and the District recognized pension expense of \$3,352 for the Voluntary Investment Program.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Health Care Trust Fund

Plan Description – The District contributes to the Health Care Trust Fund ("HCTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer healthcare trust administered by PERA. The HCTF benefit provides a health care premium subsidy and health care programs (known as PERACare) to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, establishes the HCTF and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of health care subsidies. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the HCTF. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The District is required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary for all PERA members as set by statute. No member contributions are required. The contribution requirements for the District are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the C.R.S., as amended. The apportionment of the contributions to the HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended. For the years ending December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the District's contributions to the HCTF were \$2,883, \$2,817 and \$2,716, respectively, equal to their required contributions for each year.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2015. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 - TAX, REVENUE, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 7, 1995, District voters approved retention of revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit through June 30, 2006. On November 2, 2004, District voters approved retention of such revenue through June 30, 2018.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District, in consultation with legal counsel, has determined that Emergency Reserves should not accumulate in the Special Revenue Fund. All sales and use taxes collected in that fund will be distributed to the various tiers, pursuant to the statute, which created the District (see Note 1).

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 10 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB No.* 68), and the related GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68 (GASB No. 71), which are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. GASB No. 68 revises and establishes new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. GASB No. 68 requires cost-sharing employers participating in the PERA program to record their proportionate share, as defined in GASB No. 68, of PERA's net pension liability.

For the District, the effect of implementing this standard was to change how it accounts and reports the net pension liability. Implementation of the standard resulted in a restatement of the prior period net position as shown in the table below.

Net position, December 31, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 446,614
Cumulative effect of application of GASB No. 68, Net pension liability	(410,670)
Cumulative effect of application of GASB No. 71, Deferred outflow of	
resources for contributions made subsequent to December 31, 2013	35,025
Net position, December 31, 2014, as restated	\$ 70,969

This information is an integral part of the accompanying notes to financial statements.



SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability December 31, 2015

	2014			2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	504089899%	0.0	0499039358%
Dirstict's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	451,820	\$	410,670
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	276,219	\$	266,242
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		164%		154%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.72%		77.66%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 based on the measurement date of the Plan. Information earlier than 2013 was not available.

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of District Contributions 2006-2015

	2015	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 35,834	\$	35,025	\$	33,760	\$	31,717	\$	31,268	\$	31,033	\$	28,215	\$	26,435	\$	20,708	\$	22,532
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	35,834		35,025		33,760		31,717		31,268		31,033		28,215		26,435		20,708		22,532
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 282,605	\$	276,219	\$	266,242	\$	250,134	\$	246,593	\$	244,740	\$	239,516	\$	242,969	\$	207,495	\$	237,679
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.68%		12.68%		12.68%		12.68%		12.68%		12.68%		11.78%		10.88%		9.98%		9.48%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

Amounts reported in 2012 and later reflect a change in actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used. For amounts reported in 2013 and later, a five-year smoothing methodology was used in determination of actuarial value of assets. For amounts reported in 2014 and later, the married assumption for active members was increased from 80% to 85% to reflect the passage of the Colorado Civil Union Act.