

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
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YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Scientific and Cultural Facilities District
Denver, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Scientific and Cultural Facilities District (the District or SCFD), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Scientific and Cultural Facilities District as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Special Revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, and the pension information and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Denver, Colorado
July 22, 2021

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Scientific and Cultural Facilities District's ("the District" or "SCFD") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This report should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

In comparison to the 2019 financial statements:

- Sales and use tax revenues for 2020 decreased by \$1,825,986, or 2.76%.
- Interest earnings and the related transfer from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund for 2020 decreased by \$213,207, or (71.2%) due to a significant and dramatic drop in earnings from Colotrust.
- Administrative expenses for 2020 were \$1,064,832, which is a \$73,229, 7.4% increase from 2019; the increase is due to an increase in pension expense and liability.
- Total fund distributions for 2020 were \$63,349,305 down by \$1,798,596, or 2.76%.
- Total net position of governmental activities was \$854,076 in 2020 and \$841,155 in 2019, a change of \$12,921.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's financial statements report on government-wide activities which break down to 1) government-wide financial statements on page 9 - 10; 2) fund financial statements on pages 11 - 16; and 3) notes to the financial statements, pages 17 - 43.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements present an overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*:

The *statement of net position* presents information on the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Net position equals the total assets and deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Changes to net position over time may indicate improvements or deterioration in the District's financial position. The District uses the accrual basis of accounting to record all assets and liabilities.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

The *statement of activities* describes how the District's net position changed. When revenue and expense activities occur, a change is recorded to net position. Changes to cash flow do not necessarily occur at the same time as the change to net position. Some items affecting reported revenue and expenses may impact cash flows in future periods.

The District administers the distribution of a special sales and use tax to qualifying scientific and cultural entities.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is an account grouping to control, record and track resources for segregated, specific activities. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The District has two *Governmental* funds, the general fund and a special revenue fund.

Governmental Funds. These funds are used to account for the same functions reported in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on *spendable resource inflows and outflows* during the fiscal year as well as fiscal year end *balances for spendable resources*. Governmental fund financial statements focus on the current flow of available resources and on their end of the year balances. This information may be useful in evaluating the District's present and near-future financing requirements.

In comparing the activities in government-wide financial statements with the governmental funds, the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for governmental funds will show a reconciliation to the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities. The government-wide statement of net position reflects the results of financial decisions that affect assets and liabilities and their future impact on available resources.

As required by state law, the District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this law.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide essential, additional information to understand the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The District's total net position increased by \$12,921 from 2019 to 2020. This was a result of the change in fund balance for 2020 of \$55,428, as well as the effects of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, which required the District to record its pension plan net liability and related deferred outflows and inflows as of December 31, 2020 in the net amount of \$(541,136), an increase of \$36,217 from 2019.

At December 31, 2020, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$854,076. Cash and investments increased by \$1,203,048 and the net increase due to qualifying entities was \$869,741. The largest proportion of the District's net position is in cash and investments and taxes receivable, which are used to meet spending needs in the first quarter of the next year. Current liabilities consist primarily of amounts due to qualifying entities.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

District Net Position

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current Assets	\$ 18,848,007	\$ 17,945,191
Capital Assets	2,167	3,467
Total Assets	18,850,174	17,948,658
Deferred Outflows of Resources	166,182	262,500
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	17,404,351	16,553,603
Noncurrent Liabilities	547,050	816,304
Total Liabilities	17,951,401	17,369,907
Deferred Inflows of Resources	210,879	96
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets	2,167	3,467
Restricted for:		
Emergency Reserves	32,333	39,185
Grants and Sponsors	22,557	-
Unrestricted	797,019	798,503
Total Net Position	\$ 854,076	\$ 841,155

The restricted net position for emergency reserves is based on TABOR requirements (see Note 10 to the financial statements). The unrestricted net position is generally used to meet the operating expenses of the subsequent years and may consist of various balances that are committed for a specific purpose by action of the board of directors (see Note 2 to the financial statements describing Fund Equity balances).

However, the change in unrestricted net position from 2019 to 2020 is due primarily to:

- A decrease in the pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows due to a change in assumptions.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$12,921 due to revenues of \$64,427,058 slightly exceeding expenses of \$64,414,137 as a result of no significant operational changes.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

District Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
REVENUES		
General Revenue		
Sales Tax	\$ 59,812,191	\$ 60,461,149
Use Tax	4,501,824	5,678,852
Restricted Grants	26,472	9,205
Net Investment Earnings	86,125	299,332
Unrestricted Grants	295	-
Other Income	151	5,514
Total Revenues	64,427,058	66,454,052
EXPENSES		
Administrative	1,064,832	991,603
Special Revenue Fund distributions	63,349,305	65,147,901
Total Expenses	64,414,137	66,139,504
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	12,921	314,548
Net Position - Beginning of Year	841,155	526,607
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 854,076	\$ 841,155

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As of December 31, 2020, the District's general fund reported a fund balance of \$1,455,714, which is an increase of \$55,428 in comparison to the prior year. The increase is primarily due to a decrease in general fund expenditures.

Sales and use tax collections decreased by 2.76% compared to 2019. The District's special revenue fund distributes all revenue received and has no fund balance at year-end.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general or administrative portion of tax revenue per statute was 1.5%. For 2020, the administrative portion was \$964,710 of the total tax collections of \$64,314,015 leaving \$63,349,305 distributable to recipient organizations. The District amended the budgeted appropriations after year-end in order to match actual taxes received for 2020 with required disbursements to each of the Tiers and 2020 administrative expenditures. The final variance for general expenditures was \$76,055.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

During 2020, sales and use tax receipts decreased by 2.76%, as compared to an increase of 4.71% in 2019. The U.S. and Colorado economies suffered a sharp contraction in the second quarter of 2020, and lingering effects continued into the fourth quarter, even as the economy adjusted to COVID-19 market conditions and changes in the daily life of consumers and businesses. Consumer spending has ebbed and flowed over the past year, bolstered by the large stimulus payments and additional unemployment insurance payments, while spending on services declined by 5.0 percent year-over-year. Growth in spending on goods outpaced spending on services three out of the four quarters last year. Tax revenue collections were somewhat better than expected at the time of the budget revision (which adjusted tax revenue expectations downward by 30%) with the District showing only a slight contraction overall for the fiscal year.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

While it is presently still early in the 2021 tax revenue year, the outlook has improved for consumer confidence and spending, which should subsequently show improved tax revenues.

While the local, statewide and national economy is vastly improved since the most tumultuous periods of the COVID-19 pandemic, there continue to be structural issues that will also affect spending on items subject to sales tax. Amongst these challenges are imbalances in the workforce and labor markets, as well as increasing concerns over the return of inflationary pressure, which may also affect consumer spending.

Since the outset of the pandemic, the virus has dictated economic outcomes. According to the March 19, 2021 STATE OF COLORADO, Governor's Office of State Planning and Budgeting, Economic Outlook- *As Colorado continues to tackle the virus the economy is showing signs of improvement. The U.S. and Colorado economies are positioned for historic economic growth in 2021 due to accelerating vaccinations, significant federal stimulus and relief spending, and supportive monetary policy. While some (predominantly low-wage) industries have been disproportionately affected by this pandemic recession, job openings have remained high and new business formation has accelerated. Furthermore, household finances are strong overall, with high savings and low debt, underpinned by a healthy housing market and accommodative financial conditions. Additionally, retail sales will rebound in 2021 as a result of pent-up demand. Sales will level off at pre-pandemic levels in 2022.*

As allowed by statute, all election costs have been recovered by the general fund from sales and use tax revenue and distributions. Subsequently, other than the 1.5% statutory administrative percentage, the entity's only other potential supplemental revenue source to support operating costs is earnings from investments based on short-term balances waiting to be distributed to recipient organizations. At the current time, looking for ways to improve earnings on investments remains exceptionally challenging. These factors and conditions surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic were considered and addressed in preparing and adopting the District's conservative budget for 2021.

Management will continue to apply a fiscally conservative approach to budgeting, will closely monitor economic factors that may affect delivering the District's programs and continue to develop and update current forecasting models to assist with implementation of the statute.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Deborah Jordy, Executive Director, 1047 Santa Fe Drive, Denver, CO 80204; 303-860-0588.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and Investments	\$ 7,129,733
Receivables:	
Taxes	11,688,912
Other	6,472
Deposits	7,500
Prepaid Expenses	15,390
Total Current Assets	18,848,007

CAPITAL ASSETS

Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	2,167
Total Assets	18,850,174

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	60,822
OPEB Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	4,798
Pension Related Deferrals	87,722
OPEB Related Deferrals	12,840
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	166,182

LIABILITIES

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable	18,123
Due to Tier I Entities	9,769,064
Due to Tier II Entities	4,456,063
Due to Tier III Entities	3,149,043
Compensated Absences	12,058
Total Current Liabilities	17,404,351

NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Net Pension Liability	489,443
Net OPEB Liability	57,607
Total Liabilities	17,951,401

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension Related Deferrals	200,237
OPEB Related Deferrals	10,642
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	210,879

NET POSITION

Invested in Capital Assets	2,167
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	32,333
Grants and Sponsors	22,557
Unrestricted	797,019
Total Net Position	\$ 854,076

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

EXPENSES

Administrative:	
Other	\$ 1,064,832
Total Administrative Expenses	1,064,832
Tier Allocations:	
Tier I Allocation	38,729,204
Tier II Allocation	14,973,619
Tier III Allocation	9,646,482
Total Tier Allocations	63,349,305
Total Program Expenses	64,414,137

GENERAL REVENUES

Sales Tax	59,812,191
Use Tax	4,501,824
Restricted Grants	26,472
Net Investment Earnings	86,125
Unrestricted Grants	295
Other	151
Total General Revenues	64,427,058

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

12,921

Net Position - Beginning of Year	841,155
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NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

\$ 854,076

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	<u>General</u>	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 87,026	\$ 7,042,707	\$ 7,129,733
Taxes Receivable	175,334	11,513,578	11,688,912
Accounts Receivable	6,472	-	6,472
Due from Other Fund	1,182,115	-	1,182,115
Deposits	7,500	-	7,500
Prepaid Items	15,390	-	15,390
	<u>1,473,837</u>	<u>18,556,285</u>	<u>20,030,122</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,473,837</u>	<u>\$ 18,556,285</u>	<u>\$ 20,030,122</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 18,123	\$ -	\$ 18,123
Due to Other Fund	-	1,182,115	1,182,115
Due to Tier I Entities	-	9,769,064	9,769,064
Due to Tier II Entities	-	4,456,063	4,456,063
Due to Tier III Entities	-	3,149,043	3,149,043
Total Liabilities	<u>18,123</u>	<u>18,556,285</u>	<u>18,574,408</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	22,890	-	22,890
Restricted for:			
Emergency Reserves	32,333	-	32,333
Grants and Sponsors	22,557	-	22,557
Committed for:			
Operating Reserves	533,358	-	533,358
Election Cost Reserves	400,000	-	400,000
Unassigned	444,576	-	444,576
Total Fund Balances	<u>1,455,714</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,455,714</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,473,837</u>	<u>\$ 18,556,285</u>	<u>\$ 20,030,122</u>

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Page 11)	\$ 1,455,714
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	2,167
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, and amounts related to net pension liability and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balance sheet:	
Compensated Absences	(12,058)
Net Pension Liability	(489,443)
Net OPEB Liability	(57,607)
Deferred Outflows of Resources for Pension	148,544
Deferred Outflows of Resources for OPEB	17,638
Deferred Inflows of Resources for Pension	(200,237)
Deferred Inflows of Resources for OPEB	(10,642)
	(603,805)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 9)	\$ 854,076

SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General	Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Sales Tax	\$ 897,183	\$ 58,915,008	\$ 59,812,191
Use Tax	67,527	4,434,297	4,501,824
Restricted Grants	26,472	-	26,472
Net Investment Earnings	-	86,125	86,125
Unrestricted Grants	295	-	295
Other	151	-	151
Total Revenues	<u>991,628</u>	<u>63,435,430</u>	<u>64,427,058</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and Related Costs	602,849	-	602,849
Accounting and Audit	59,061	-	59,061
Travel and Mileage	3,402	-	3,402
Consulting	164,830	-	164,830
Insurance	5,814	-	5,814
Legal	6,843	-	6,843
Office Supplies	1,929	-	1,929
Meeting	3,634	-	3,634
Professional Development	67,908	-	67,908
Other	4,346	-	4,346
Postage	475	-	475
Printing	1,302	-	1,302
Rent	69,045	-	69,045
Memberships/Subscriptions	6,852	-	6,852
Telephone	7,780	-	7,780
Rex Morgan Event and SCFD Day	88	-	88
Restricted Grants	3,914	-	3,914
Office Equipment and Furniture	12,253	-	12,253
Tier I Allocation	-	38,729,204	38,729,204
Tier II Allocation	-	14,973,619	14,973,619
Tier III Allocation	-	9,646,482	9,646,482
Total Expenditures	<u>1,022,325</u>	<u>63,349,305</u>	<u>64,371,630</u>
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	(30,697)	86,125	55,428
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer In	86,125	-	86,125
Transfer (Out)	-	(86,125)	(86,125)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>86,125</u>	<u>(86,125)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	55,428	-	55,428
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>1,400,287</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,400,287</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,455,715</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,455,715</u>

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Page 13) \$ 55,428

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of
Activities (Page 9) are Different Because:

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Compensated Absences	(3,359)
Depreciation Expense	(1,300)
Change in Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	2,388
Net Pension Expense	(38,606)
Change in OPEB Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	(97)
Net OPEB Expense	<u>(1,533)</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 10) \$ 12,921

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Sales Tax	\$ 621,000	\$ 897,183	\$ 897,183	\$ -
Use Tax	69,000	67,527	67,527	-
Restricted Grants	45,000	45,000	26,472	(18,528)
Unrestricted Grants	295	295	295	-
Other Income	3,060	3,060	151	(2,909)
Total Revenues	<u>738,355</u>	<u>1,013,065</u>	<u>991,628</u>	<u>(21,437)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Salaries and Related Costs	612,854	612,854	602,849	10,005
Accounting and Audit	50,000	50,000	59,061	(9,061)
Travel and Mileage	6,370	6,370	3,402	2,968
Consulting	128,000	128,000	164,830	(36,830)
Insurance	5,814	5,814	5,814	-
Legal	10,000	10,000	6,843	3,157
Office Supplies	2,000	2,000	1,929	71
Meeting	9,700	9,700	3,634	6,066
Professional Development	6,150	6,150	67,908	(61,758)
Other	118,670	118,670	4,388	114,282
Postage	800	800	475	325
Printing	2,800	2,800	1,302	1,498
Rent	71,430	71,430	69,045	2,385
Repairs and Maintenance	450	450	(42)	492
Memberships/Subscriptions	7,500	7,500	6,852	648
Telephone	5,500	5,500	7,780	(2,280)
Rex Morgan Event & SCFD Day	48,088	48,088	88	48,000
Restricted Grants	-	-	3,914	(3,914)
Office Equipment and Furniture	12,254	12,254	12,253	1
Total Expenditures	<u>1,098,380</u>	<u>1,098,380</u>	<u>1,022,325</u>	<u>76,055</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(360,025)	(85,315)	(30,697)	54,618
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfer In	141,405	141,405	86,125	(55,280)
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>141,405</u>	<u>141,405</u>	<u>86,125</u>	<u>(55,280)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(218,620)	56,090	55,428	(662)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>1,400,286</u>	<u>1,400,287</u>	<u>1,400,287</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,181,666</u>	<u>\$ 1,456,377</u>	<u>\$ 1,455,715</u>	<u>\$ (662)</u>

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Sales Tax	\$ 40,779,000	\$ 58,915,008	\$ 58,915,008	\$ -
Use Tax	4,531,000	4,434,297	4,434,297	-
Net Investment Earnings	141,405	86,125	86,125	-
Total Revenues	<u>45,451,405</u>	<u>63,435,430</u>	<u>63,435,430</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Tier I Allocation	28,446,800	38,729,204	38,729,204	-
Tier II Allocation	10,283,400	14,973,619	14,973,619	-
Tier III Allocation	6,579,800	9,646,482	9,646,482	-
Total Expenditures	<u>45,310,000</u>	<u>63,349,305</u>	<u>63,349,305</u>	<u>-</u>
EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	141,405	86,125	86,125	-
OTHER FINANCING (USES)				
Transfer (Out)	(141,405)	(86,125)	(86,125)	-
Total Other Financing (Uses)	<u>(141,405)</u>	<u>(86,125)</u>	<u>(86,125)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Scientific and Cultural Facilities District (District) was established by a statute of the state of Colorado to assist in the preservation and development of scientific and cultural facilities. The area comprising the District consists of the City and County of Denver, the City and County of Broomfield, the Counties of Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, and Jefferson, and portions of Douglas County. The District is governed by a board of 11 directors, seven members of which are appointed by the governing bodies of the seven counties in the District and four members of which are appointed by the Governor of the state of Colorado. Under the original statute, the District was authorized to exist through July 1, 1996. A question to extend the existence of the District to 2006 was approved by voters November 8, 1994, a question to extend the existence to 2018 was approved by voters November 2, 2004, and a question to extend the existence to 2030 was approved November 8, 2016.

A uniform sales and use tax of one tenth of 1% is collected within the District area and distributed to qualifying scientific and cultural facilities which are classified into tiers. The statute provides formulas for distribution of the taxes within each tier and allows an amount not to exceed one and one half percent of the tax revenue collected to be used for administration costs of the District.

After the allocation of taxes for administrative costs, the taxes are distributed to facilities as follows:

Tier

I - Denver Museum of Nature and Science, Denver Zoological Gardens, Denver Art Museum, Denver Botanical Gardens, and Denver Center for the Performing Arts	64.0%
II - Scientific or cultural facilities in Colorado having annual operating income of more than \$1,250,000; as adjusted for inflation	22.0%
III - Eligible scientific or cultural facilities approved by county cultural councils	14.0%

If total annual revenues exceed \$38 million dollars, after the allocation of taxes for administrative costs, the excess taxes are distributed to facilities as follows:

Tier

I - Denver Museum of Nature and Science, Denver Zoological Gardens, Denver Art Museum, Denver Botanical Gardens, and Denver Center for the Performing Arts	57.0%
II - Scientific or cultural facilities in Colorado having annual operating income of more than \$1,250,000; as adjusted for inflation	26.0%
III - Eligible scientific or cultural facilities approved by county cultural councils	17.0%

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, internally dedicated resources and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation
(Continued)**

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. The major sources of revenues susceptible to accrual are sales and use taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue fund* is used to record the collection of sales and use taxes and the distribution thereof to eligible governmental entities and 501(c)(3) organizations, as required by the statute creating the District (see Note 1).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Expenditures/ expenses are recorded when the service underlying the prepaid item is provided (consumption method).

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over a five-year life.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

The District has a policy that allows employees to accumulate unused vacation benefits up to certain maximum hours. All such benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Fund Equity

The District's fund balances in the governmental funds are reported in classifications based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of five categories: 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, and 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has reported the amount equal to the reported deposits and prepaid items in the amount of \$22,890 as nonspendable as they do not constitute spendable resources even though they are a component of net position.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances reflect amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Emergency reserves have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 10). A portion of the General Fund balance in the amount of \$32,333 has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

Committed

Committed fund balance is the amount that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. This amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of directors removes or changes the specific use by taking formal board action. The District has committed \$533,358 of the General Fund balance as an operating reserve, to be drawn upon during periods of economic fluctuation.

The District has committed \$400,000 of the General Fund balance as an election cost reserve, to be drawn upon for costs related to reauthorization in future years.

Assigned

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the board of director's intended use of these resources for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The District did not have any assigned resources as of December 31, 2020.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Equity (Continued)

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance represents the net resources in excess of the other spendable classifications. The District's policy is to spend unassigned fund balance and then the funds committed for operating reserves. The District considers all unassigned fund balances to be "reserves" for future operations or capital replacement as defined within Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 10).

Budgetary Information

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Supplementary appropriations approved by the District for the year ended December 31, 2020 modified the appropriation from \$45,310,000 to \$63,349,305 in the Special Revenue Fund.

Budgets for both funds of the District are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at December 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Due to General Fund from:

Special Revenue Fund	<u>\$ 1,182,115</u>
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This balance resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments between funds are made.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Transfer to General Fund from:

Special Revenue Fund	<u>\$ 86,125</u>
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This transfer was used to move unrestricted interest revenues collected in the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

	<u>Amount</u>
Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 1,106,215
Investments	<u>6,023,518</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 7,129,733</u>

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2020, the District's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$1,106,215.

Investments

Credit Risk

The District has adopted a formal investment policy in which the primary investment objectives shall be safety, liquidity, and yield.

The District has defined investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which the District may invest, as follows:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks rated in the highest tier by a national rating agency
- Commercial paper rated in the highest tier by a national rating agency
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Local government investment pools

The local government investment pool is the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) and is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

The District will minimize the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

To the extent possible, the District attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the District will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase.

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust)	< 1 Year	<u>\$ 6,023,518</u>

ColoTrust

As of December 31, 2020, the District had invested \$6,023,518 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under C.R.S. 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. The Trust records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in the Trust using the net asset value method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 4 EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2020
Capital Assets:				
Office Furniture and Equipment	\$ 6,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,500
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for Office Furniture and Equipment	3,033	1,300	-	4,333
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 3,467</u>	<u>\$ (1,300)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,167</u>

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2020	Current Portion
Compensated Absences	<u>\$ 8,699</u>	<u>\$ 37,021</u>	<u>\$ (33,662)</u>	<u>\$ 12,058</u>	<u>\$ 12,058</u>

Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 6 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Rental Commitments

In August 2019, the District executed a lease agreement for office space under an operating lease, which expires in December 2029. Payments consist of a base rent and an additional rent for the District's proportionate share of operating expenses.

Total rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 under these leases was \$67,551.

The minimum base rent for the office space, without operating expense and property tax adjustments, is as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 52,335
2022	53,498
2023	54,661
2024	55,824
2025	56,987
Thereafter	239,578
	<u>\$ 512,883</u>

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The District participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the LGDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Some, but not all, of these changes were in effect as of December 31, 2020.

Plan Description.

Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the LGDTF—a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided as of December 31, 2019

PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided as of December 31, 2019 (Continued)

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal IRC.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether five years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2019, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, the annual increase for 2019 is 0.00% for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007, will receive an annual increase of 1.25% unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment on or after January 1, 2007 will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25% or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the LGDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits

Contributions provisions as of December 31, 2020

Eligible employees and the District are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Employee contribution rates for the period of January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2020 Through June 30, 2020	July 1, 2020 Through December 31, 2020
Employee Contribution	<u>8.0%</u>	<u>8.5%</u>

Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The employer contribution requirements for all employees are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2020 Through June 30, 2020	July 1, 2020 Through December 31, 2020
Employer Contribution Rate	10.00 %	10.50 %
Amount of Employer Contribution Apportioned to the health Care Trust Fund as Specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the LGDTF	8.98 %	9.48 %
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as Specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	2.20 %	2.20 %
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as Specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	1.50 %	1.50 %
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the LGDTF	12.68 %	13.18 %

Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from the District were \$60,822 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$489,443 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability for the LGDTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.069919482%, which was an increase of 0.0070170325% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of (\$97,040).

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 32,028	\$ -
Changes of Assumptions or other Inputs	-	-
Net Difference between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	200,237
Changes in Proportion and Differences between		
Contributions Recognized and Proportionate Share		
of Contributions	55,694	-
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	60,822	-
Total	\$ 148,544	\$ 200,237

\$60,822 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 14,002
2022	(49,682)
2023	(8,514)
2024	(68,321)

Actuarial Assumptions

The December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation used the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Price Inflation	2.40%
Real Wage Growth	1.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.50 - 10.45%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, Net of Pension Plan	
Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Future Post Retirement Benefit Increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure Hired Prior to January 1, 2007; and DPS Benefit Structure (Automatic)*	1.25% Compounded Annually
PERA Benefit Structure hired after December 31, 2006 (Ad Hoc, Substantively Automatic)*	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

For 2019, the annual increase was 0.00%.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70% factor applied to male rates and a 55% factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73% factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108% factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78% factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109% factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disable retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90% of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016 board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the LGDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30-Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equity - Large Cap	21.20 %	4.30 %
U.S. Equity - Small Cap	7.42	4.80
Non-U.S. Equity - Developed	18.55	5.20
Non-U.S. Equity - Emerging	5.83	5.40
Core Fixed Income	19.32	1.20
High Yield	1.38	4.30
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84	0.60
Emerging Market Debt	0.46	3.90
Core Real Estate	8.50	4.90
Opportunity Fund	6.00	3.80
Private Equity	8.50	6.60
Cash	1.00	0.20
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the additional 0.50%, resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020, Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.50% to 1.25% resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 899,071	\$ 489,443	\$ 144,950

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report, which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description

Employees of the District that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an IRC Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy

The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up the maximum limits set by the IRS, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. In addition, the District has agreed to match employee contributions up to 5% of covered salary as determined by the IRS. The District suspended its matching contributions during May 2020, due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended December 31, 2020, program members contributed \$20,049 and the District recognized pension expense of \$5,096 for matching contributions related to the Voluntary Investment Program.

NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided

The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions

Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$4,798 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$57,607 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.0051252292%, which was an increase of .0004797927% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$8,173.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 191	\$ 9,680
Changes of Assumptions or other Inputs	478	-
Net Difference between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	-	962
Changes in Proportion and Differences between		
Contributions Recognized and Proportionate Share		
Share of Contributions	12,171	-
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	4,798	-
Total	\$ 17,638	\$ 10,642

\$4,798 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2021	\$ 798
2022	798
2023	1,077
2024	336
2025	(760)
Thereafter	(51)

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Price Inflation	2.40%
Real Wage Growth	1.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.50 % in the aggregate
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, Net of OPEB Plan Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	
Service-based Premium Subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare Plans	5.60% in 2019, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A Premiums	3.50% for 2019, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as discussed below.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2019 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$ 601	\$ 240
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	605	237

The 2019 Medicare Part A premium is \$437 per month.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

<u>Medicare Plan</u>	<u>Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A</u>
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$ 562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	571

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2019	5.60%	3.50%
2020	8.60%	3.50%
2021	7.30%	3.50%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	3.75%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70% factor applied to male rates and a 55% factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement nondisabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73% factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108% factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78% factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109% factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Post-retirement nondisabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93% factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113% factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68% factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106% factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90% of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	Target Allocation	30-Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity - Large Cap	21.20 %	4.30 %
U.S. Equity - Small Cap	7.42	4.80
Non-U.S. Equity - Developed	18.55	5.20
Non-U.S. Equity - Emerging	5.83	5.40
Core Fixed Income	19.32	1.20
High Yield	1.38	4.30
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84	0.60
Emerging Market Debt	0.46	3.90
Core Real Estate	8.50	4.90
Opportunity Fund	6.00	3.80
Private Equity	8.50	6.60
Cash	1.00	0.20
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	4.60%	5.60%	6.60%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 56,239	\$ 57,607	\$ 59,189

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 8 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2019, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 65,137	\$ 57,607	\$ 51,168

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's CAFR, which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2020. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, REVENUE, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations, which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 7, 1995, District voters approved retention of revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit through June 30, 2006. On November 2, 2004, District voters approved retention of such revenue through June 30, 2018. On November 8, 2016, District voters approved retention of such revenue through June 30, 2030.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District, in consultation with legal counsel, has determined that Emergency Reserves should not accumulate in the Special Revenue Fund. All sales and use taxes collected in that fund will be distributed to the various tiers, pursuant to the statute, which created the District (see Note 1).

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 10 TAX, REVENUE, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 11 GLOBAL PANDEMIC

During the fiscal year, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. Subsequent to year-end, the COVID-19 pandemic continues to have significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the District, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its fiscal year 2021 operations and financial results, including, but not limited to, declines in tax revenues and cancellation of in-person events. Management is closely monitoring various aspects of the local economy and consumer confidence, which directly impacts sales tax revenue metro-wide. Management believes the District is cautiously optimistic for the medium term, and meanwhile, is taking appropriate actions to mitigate any potential negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events remain on-going at this time.

NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through July 22, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Fiscal Year	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Plan Measurement Date	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.066919482%	0.059902449%	0.051695396%	0.049808822%	0.049761173%	0.050408993%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 489,443</u>	<u>\$ 753,101</u>	<u>\$ 575,592</u>	<u>\$ 672,589</u>	<u>\$ 548,160</u>	<u>\$ 451,820</u>
District's Covered Payroll	460,840	392,568	326,116	302,132	282,605	276,219
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	106.2%	191.8%	176.5%	222.6%	194.0%	163.6%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	86.3%	76.0%	79.4%	73.6%	76.9%	80.7%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 based on the measurement date of the Plan. Information earlier than 2014 was not available.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 60,822	\$ 58,434	\$ 49,819	\$ 41,352	\$ 38,310	\$ 35,834	\$ 35,025	\$ 33,760	\$ 31,717	\$ 31,268
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>60,822</u>	<u>58,434</u>	<u>49,819</u>	<u>41,352</u>	<u>38,310</u>	<u>35,834</u>	<u>35,025</u>	<u>33,760</u>	<u>31,717</u>	<u>31,268</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 470,598	\$ 460,840	\$ 392,568	\$ 326,116	\$ 302,132	\$ 282,605	\$ 276,219	\$ 266,242	\$ 250,134	\$ 246,593
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	12.92%	12.68%	12.69%	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Fiscal Year	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Plan Measurement Date	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
District's Proportion (Percentage) of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.0051252292%	0.0046454365%	0.0040169736%
District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 57,607	\$ 63,203	\$ 52,205
Covered Payroll	\$ 460,840	\$ 392,568	\$ 326,116
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	12.50%	16.10%	16.01%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 based on the measurement date of the Plan. Information earlier than 2018 was not available.

**SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL FACILITIES DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 4,798	\$ 4,701	\$ 4,008	\$ 3,326	\$ 3,082	\$ 2,883	\$ 2,817	\$ 2,716	\$ 2,551	\$ 2,515
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>4,798</u>	<u>4,701</u>	<u>4,008</u>	<u>3,326</u>	<u>3,082</u>	<u>2,883</u>	<u>2,817</u>	<u>2,716</u>	<u>2,551</u>	<u>2,515</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 470,598	\$ 460,840	\$ 392,568	\$ 326,116	\$ 302,132	\$ 282,605	\$ 276,219	\$ 266,242	\$ 250,134	\$ 246,593
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.